Fishes in the Adriatic sea



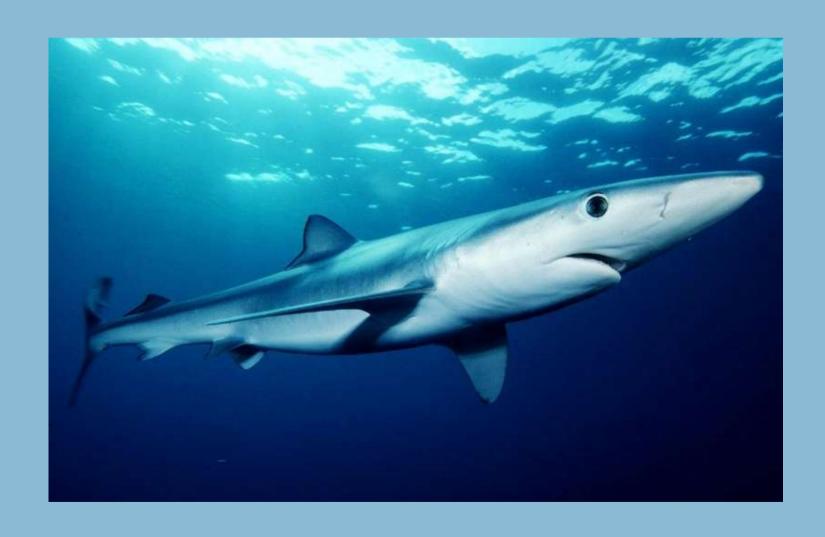
Location of adriatic sea

The Adriatic is the northernmost arm of the **Mediterranean Sea**, extending from the Strait of Otranto to the northwest and the Po Valley. The countries with coasts on the Adriatic are: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Italy, Montenegro, and Slovenia.

The Adriatic Sea its stunning blue and green hues. Its waters are home to a diverse range of marine life like dolphins, sea turtle or various fish species.

Fishes





Great White Shark

It.s considered the most dangerous shark in the world, responsible for the most unprovoked attacks on humans and the most fatalities.

Capable of reaching **5**m in length, weighing up to two tons, and managing top speeds of up to **15** mph.



Seahorses

Seahorses range in size from 1.5 to 35 cm. They are named for their equine appearance, with bent necks and long snouted heads and a distinctive trunk and tail. Although they are bony fish, they don.t have scales, but rather thin skin stretched over a series of bony plates, which are arranged in rings throughout their bodies. Each species has a distinct number of rings. Seahorses swim upright, propelling themselves using the dorsal fin.



Beluga (sturgeon)

It is the third-most massive living species of bony fish. The beluga rivals the great white shark and the greenland shark for the title of largest actively predatory fish. The largest record is of a female-1,571 kg and 7.2 m.



Moray eels

It have a venomous bite, but won't attack humans unless seriously provoked. Their blood are poisonous, but the poison is nullified once the fish is cooked properly.

Morays are opportunistic, carnivorous predators and feed primarily on smaller fish, crabs, and octopuses.



Monk seal

Monk seals are earless seals of the tribe Monachini. They are the only earless seals found in tropical climates. Monk seals have a slender body and they are agile. They have a broad, flat snout with nostrils on the top. Monk seals are polygynous, and group together in harems. They feed mainly on bony fish and cephalopods, but they are opportunistic. The skin is covered in small hairs, which are generally black in males and brown or dark gray in females. Monk seals as a whole vary minutely in size, with all adults measuring on average 2.4 m and 230 kg. Monk seals feed on a variety of a fish and mollusks, primarily octopus, squid, and eels, up to 3 kg per day. They commonly feed in shallow coastal waters.



THANK U guys <3

"The project is financed by the European Union. The opinions and views expressed are solely the personal views of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the position of the European Union or the entity granting support. The European Union and the grantor are not responsible for them."